

DATE April 15, 2021

No. V-8478-E

Messrs.

# SPECIFICATION

## Oxygen Sensor Module

	FCX-MVL-F	0.1 to 25% O <sub>2</sub>	
	FCX-MVL-F-AC	0.1 to 25% O <sub>2</sub>	with sensor housing
	FCX-MWL-F	0.1 to 95% O <sub>2</sub>	
Model:	FCX-MWL-F-AC	0.1 to 95% O <sub>2</sub>	with sensor housing

Project:

Distributor:

Reference:



Distributed by:

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Table shown below is revision records of this specification

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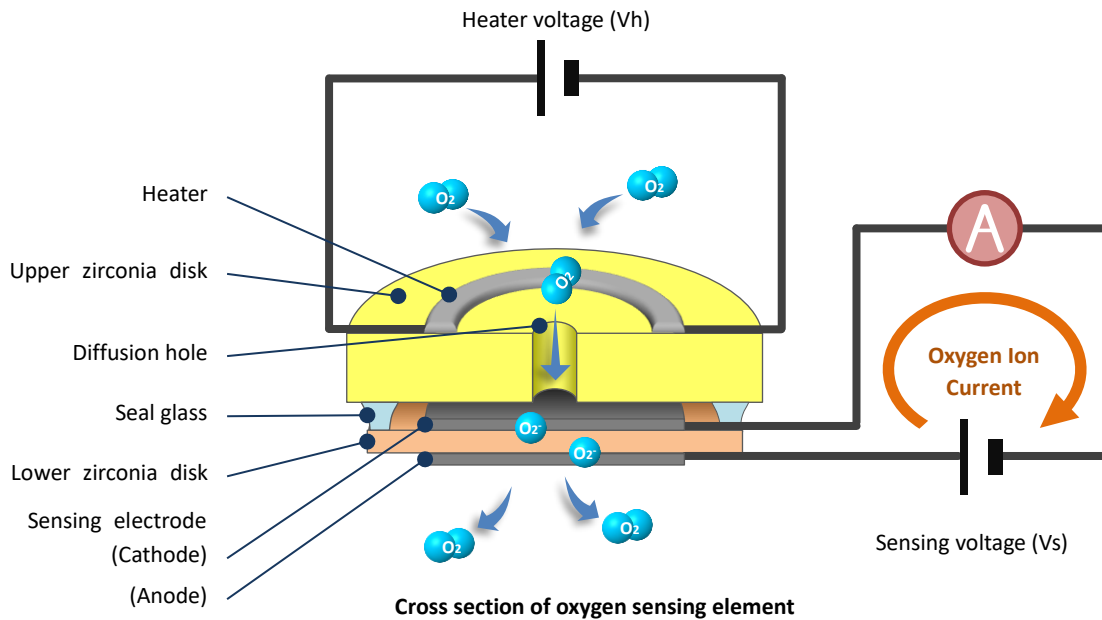
## 1 General

This document describes about the specification of Fujikura Ceramic Oxygen Sensor modules FCX-MVL-F(-AC) and FCX-MWL-F(-AC). These modules are able to output proportional analog voltage with oxygen density.

## 2 Principle of Fujikura Oxygen Sensor Element

Fujikura oxygen sensor is based on **limiting current method using zirconia solid-electrolyte** that has oxygen ion conductivity at high temperature. The upper side zirconia disk has a heater and a diffusion hole. A pair of electrodes is printed on the both side of the lower side zirconia disk. Two zirconia disks are bonded together by sealing glass and there is a cavity between the upper side zirconia disk and the lower side zirconia disk.

Sensing voltage is applied to the electrodes on the lower side disk and heater voltage is applied to the heater on the upper side zirconia disk. Oxygen ion conductivity is generated at the lower side disk when the oxygen sensing element is heated up to about 450°C. Oxygen in the cavity is converted to oxygen ions on the cathode electrode, moved to the anode electrode by the sensing voltage. Oxygen ions are converted to oxygen once again. There is no oxygen in the cavity when oxygen is pumped out. Oxygen at the outside flows into the cavity through the diffusion hole. However, oxygen flow is limited by the diffusion hole, oxygen ion current appears constant. Oxygen density can read from this behavior.



## 3 RoHS

This product is compliant with the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS).

## 4 Device Name Code

<b>FCX</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>MVL</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>AC</b>		
							<b>Sensor housing:</b>	<b>Blank:</b> NOT equipped <b>AC:</b> Equipped
							<b>RoHS:</b>	<b>F:</b> RoHS compliant
							<b>Model:</b>	<b>MVL:</b> 0.1 to 25% O <sub>2</sub>   Linearized output <b>MWL:</b> 0.1 to 95% O <sub>2</sub>   Linearized output
							<b>Series:</b>	<b>FCX:</b> Fujikura Ceramic Oxygen Sensor

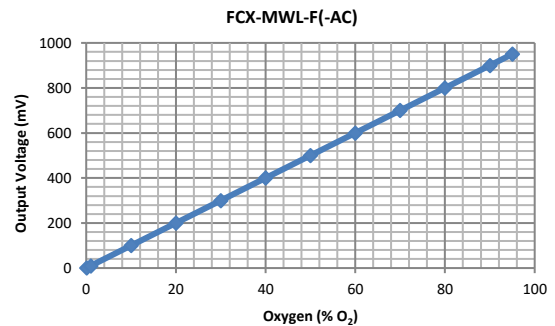
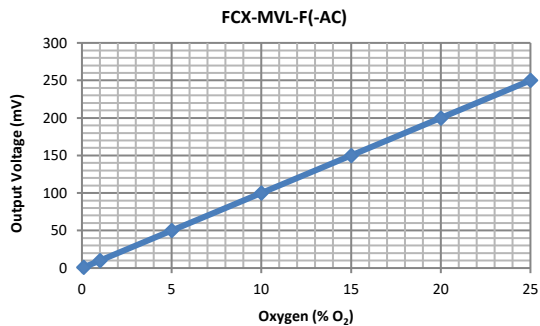
### 5 General Specifications

Item	Condition	Rating			Unit		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Measuring Gas		Oxygen				*1	
Gas Sampling	without -AC option	Gas diffusion					
	with -AC option	Input to sensor housing					
Measurement Range	FCX-MVL-F(-AC)	0.1	-	25	% O <sub>2</sub>	*2	
	FCX-MWL-F(-AC)	0.1	-	95	% O <sub>2</sub>		
Accuracy	FCX-MVL-F(-AC)	-0.25	-	+0.25	% O <sub>2</sub>		
	FCX-MWL-F(-AC)	-1	-	+1	% O <sub>2</sub>		
Output	FCX-MVL-F(-AC)	at 0.1% O <sub>2</sub>	(0)	1	3.5	mV	*3
		at 25% O <sub>2</sub>	247.5	250	252.5		
	FCX-MW-F(-AC)	at 0.1% O <sub>2</sub>	(0)	1	11	mV	
		at 95% O <sub>2</sub>	940	950	960		
Power Supply		4.8	5.0	5.2	V		
Power Consumption	at 5 V	-	3.5	-	W		
Response Time	90%	-	-	30	sec.	*4	
Warm up Time		-	5	-	min.	*5	
Gas Flow Rate	with -AC option	200	-	1000	cc/min.	*6	
Gas Pressure	with -AC option	-	-	500	kPa		
Operating Temperature		-10	-	50	°C		
Operating Humidity	Non condensing	0	-	85	%RH		

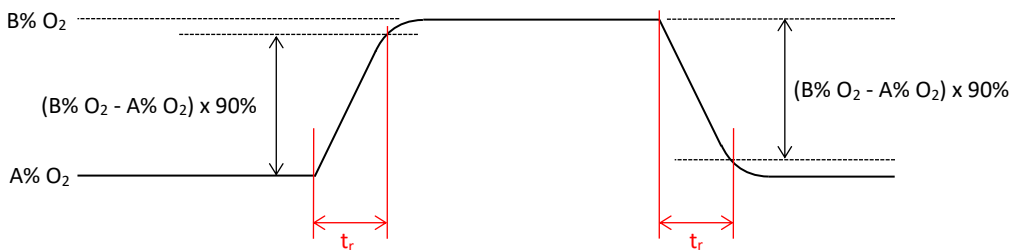
Notes:

- \*1) Balance gas of oxygen should be nitrogen. This module is calibrated with N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub> mixture gas.
- \*2) If the oxygen sensor module worked in out of the measurement range, the lifetime must be shortened.
- \*3) The output voltage is given by the following equation :

$$\% O_2 = \frac{\text{Reading Output (mV)}}{10}$$

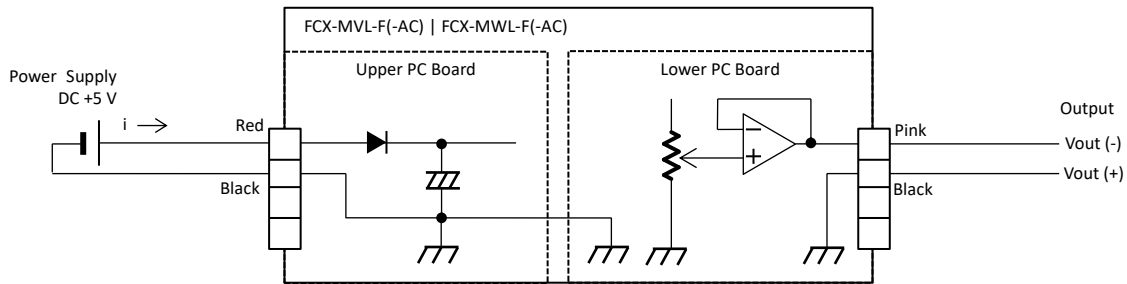


- \*4) Response Time (t<sub>r</sub>) is defined as the time reaching 90% of the difference between A% O<sub>2</sub> and B% O<sub>2</sub> from the gas change started.

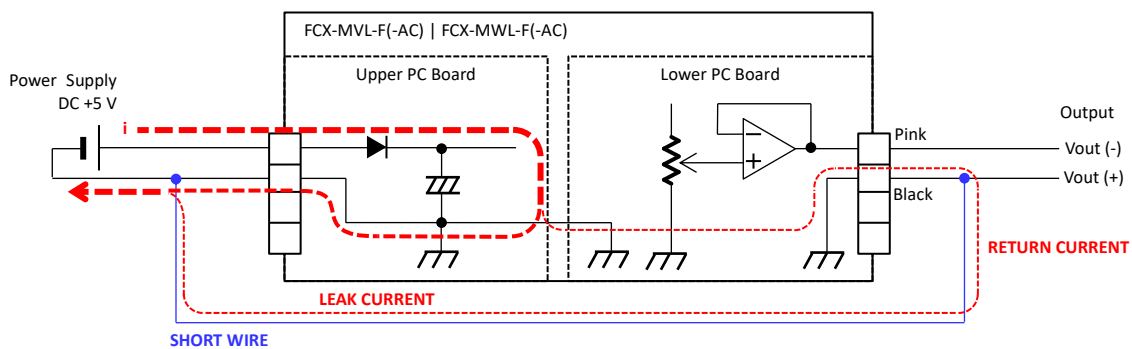


- \*5) During warm-up, the output is not correct. Please read the output once warm-up has been finished.
- \*6) If the pressure to the oxygen sensor changed, the output is subject to change upward/downward momentary.

## 6 Wiring Connection and Interface



### Wrong Wiring



#### Notes:

- \*1) Do NOT short between GND of Power Supply and Vout(-) of Output with external wirings. It makes zero-shift of Output because the leak current flowed through the line of Vout(-).
- \*2) Please take care "unintentional short" between GND of Power Supply and Vout(-) with external wirings, when connecting a measurement device and a power source to the module. It would be recommended to check the electrical isolation between GND of Power Supply and Vout(-) of Output in the whole system.

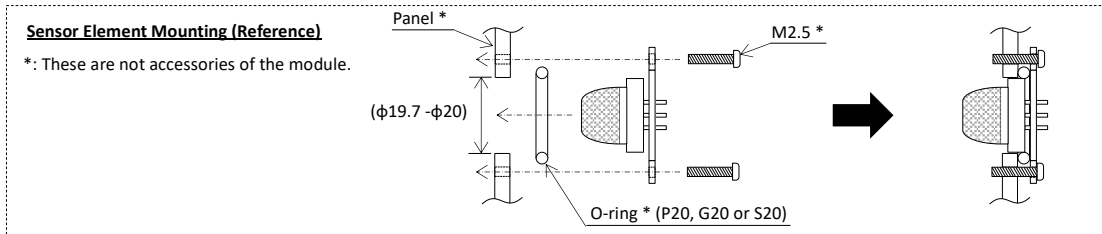
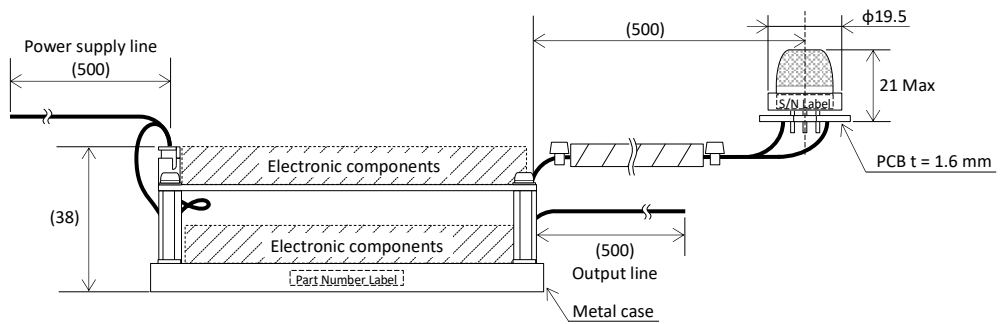
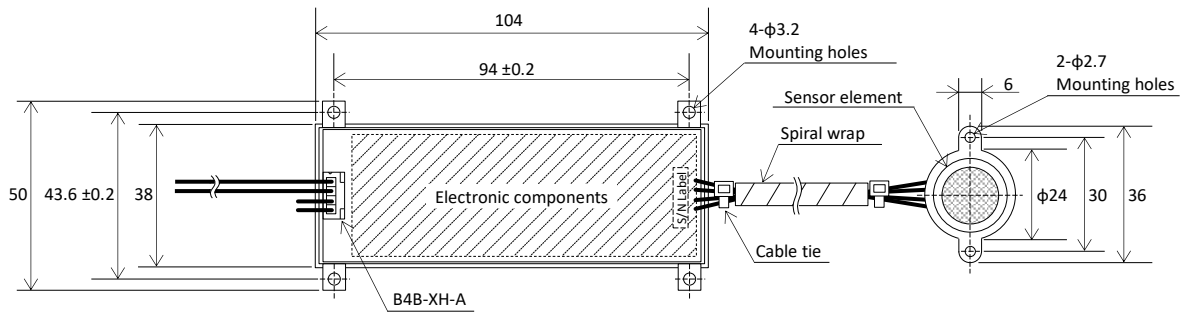
## 7 Calibration, Maintenance and Others

- The module including the oxygen sensor element is full-calibrated at the factory. User calibration is not required in the lifetime and user can NOT calibrate the module.
- Do NOT touch trimmers on the PC boards. If setting of trimmers is changed, it is subject to damage the module.
- The module reaches the end of lifetime when the output does not meet the accuracy in the specifications.
- The module at the end of lifetime should replace a new module including an oxygen sensor. Fujikura does not provide services to replace and supply an oxygen sensor element only.
- For regular maintenance of the module, it would be recommended to check the output applying standard gases ( $N_2/O_2$  mixture gases) to the oxygen sensor.
- Test report is attached to the module.
- Calibration certificate is available for a fee upon request.

## 8 Dimensions and Weights

**FCX-MVL-F, FCX-MWL-F** Weight: Approx. 106 grams

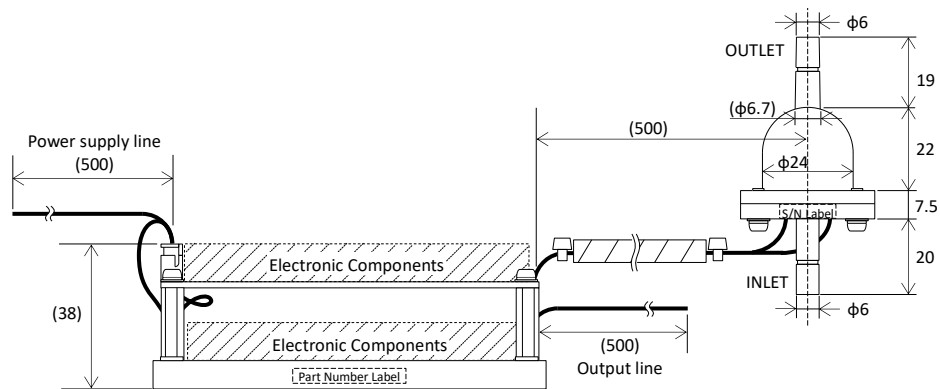
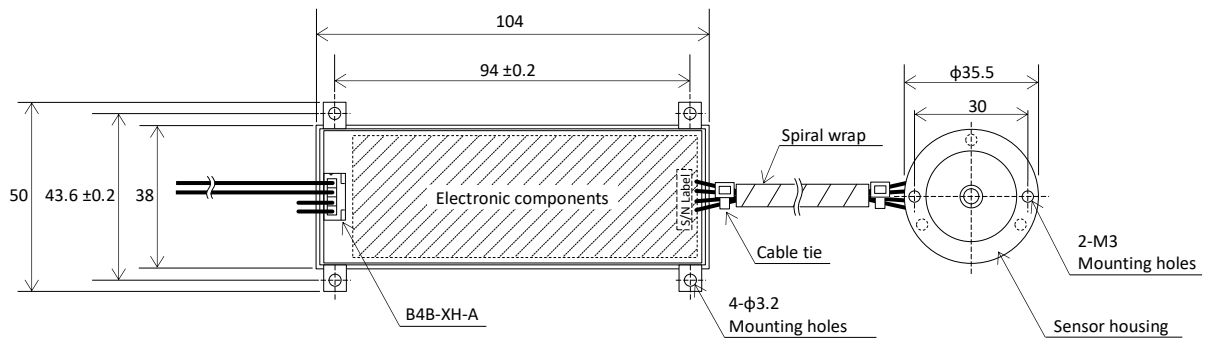
Unit: mm



**FCX-MVL-F-AC, FCX-MWL-F-AC**

Weight: Approx. 130 grams

Unit: mm



**Note:**

- \*1) Please make a distance above the electronic components on the PCB for natural air cooling.
- \*2) Do NOT touch the sensor element during power on. The surface of the sensor element is hot.
- \*3) Do NOT touch the trimmers on the PC board.

## 9 Caution

Please carefully read the followings before using the oxygen sensor products.

### Applications for medical appliances, life-support equipment and low oxygen detectors

- \*1) Fujikura products are not designed, intended or approved for use as components of surgical or life support systems, or other applications that may cause injury or death as a result of failure. In unapproved applications or uses where the customer implies, directly or indirectly, resultant injuries or deaths are due to Fujikura, Fujikura affiliates and agencies (citing for example, a design or manufacture fault), Fujikura, Fujikura affiliates and agencies shall be free from responsibility relating to any claims, costs, losses, and compensation.
- \*2) When a Fujikura product is to be used in medical appliances and oxygen detectors other than those mentioned above, it is strongly advised that fail-safe designs are established. Fujikura should be consulted for the necessary information.

### Service life and guarantee period

- \*1) The end of service life shall be defined as the time when the output no longer meets the specified precision.
- \*2) The guarantee period is for one year from the date of shipment. During the guarantee period, should defects occur under normal conditions of use as specified in the manual and within the service life, the product will be repaired or replaced without charge. However, a repair or replacement fee will be charged in the following cases.
  - Defect or damage due to inappropriate transportation or handling after delivery.
  - Defect or damage caused by misuse, abuse or careless handling.
  - Defect or damage due to unauthorized repairs or changes in configuration
  - Damage to the cosmetic appearance caused during use
  - Damage from fire, earthquake, flood or other natural disasters and abnormal voltage.

### Operational precautions

Measurement of atmospheric gases:

Calibration gas	The sensor should be adjusted with a calibration gas that is a mixture of nitrogen, N <sub>2</sub> (or argon, Ar) and oxygen, O <sub>2</sub> . Other balance gases may result in incorrect measurements.
Combustible gases	An atmosphere containing combustible gases such as methane, alcohol, hydrogen and carbon monoxide may cause errors in measurement. Since the sensor element functions at 450°C, gases that ignite below that temperature must not be used.
Silicon gases	Never use silicon gases containing siloxane, as these gases react with the sensor and produce oxides, destroying the performance of the sensor over a very short period.
Fluorocarbons	Do not use freons and others that contain halogens (F, Cl and Br), as these gasses react with materials inside the sensor and damage the performance.
Sulfur oxides and hydrogen	Never use sulfur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) and hydrogen (H <sub>2</sub> ), as they react with the sensor and destroy the performance of the sensor over a very short period.

Operating conditions:

Dust and oil mist	Employ a filter system to eliminate dust and oil mists that clog the sensor and analyzer filter, resulting in problems, measurement errors and incorrect responses.
Water and condensation moisture	Contact of the sensor with water may destroy the sensor. Exclude water from the system.
Others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not touch the sensor mesh while in operation, since the sensor mesh is heated to 50 to 80°C.</li> <li>• Do not subject the sensor to a shock of 10G or greater which may cause breaks in the wiring and cracks in the sensor chip.</li> <li>• The sensor element is made of a ceramic material. Never expose it to heat suddenly as this could destroy the element.</li> </ul>

### Others

Any product described in the catalogues may be altered without prior notice to improve reliability, function or design. Fujikura is not responsible for any incidents due to application of products and circuits described in the catalogues. No Fujikura patents or rights are licensed to a third party.